Trump Administration initiatives and their potential impact on health care and health systems.

February 1, 2025

With more than 40 Executive Orders already signed and other actions to implement them underway, President Trump – as expected – has shaken up the status quo. This is a list of actions that will or may impact health care and, more specifically, health systems. We did not include some actions, like withdrawing from the World Health Organization or the Paris Climate Accord, that will have limited or no impact on U.S. health systems.

We are expecting more actions from the Administration that will impact health systems and will update this list accordingly.

Action	Description	Status
OMB Freeze on Agency	A memo sent by Matthew J. Vaeth at the Office of Management and Budget addressed	Rescinded
Grants, Loans, and	to the heads of executive departments and agencies, says that the memorandum is no	(There may be
Other Financial	longer in effect. Click here for the OMB memo.	more court
Assistance Programs		action)
	On January 28, all federal agencies were ordered to temporarily block disbursement of grants and loans — other than for Social Security, Medicare, Medicaid and other programs providing direct aid to individuals. The memo said the temporary pause was intended to ensure agencies are complying with Trump's executive orders to root out "Marxist equity, transgenderism, and green new deal social engineering policies" from programs within their purview.	
	<u>Click here</u> for a list of programs from OMB that would have been impacted. There are programs impacting numerous health care and related funding streams. <u>Click here</u> for a copy of the judge's order to pause the freeze.	
EO Regulatory Freeze	 Prohibits an agency from issuing any rule until a department or agency head appointed by Trump reviews and approves the rule; Withdraws any rule that has not yet been published in the Federal Register until it undergoes a review by a Trump agency chief; and 	Active

	 Postpones (with some exceptions) for 60 days any final rule published in the Federal Register that is not yet effective until it is reviewed. Agencies may open another 60-day comment period. Among the health care rules impacted by this order is the new DEA telehealth prescribing rules for controlled substances proposed last week are also all likely impacted by this EO: One proposed rule (RIN 1117-AB40) would introduce a new licensure program allowing vetted practitioners to prescribe controlled substances online without an in-person evaluation. The DEA and HHS also issued a final rule (RIN 1117-AB78) that will allow audio-only telehealth practitioners to prescribe up to a six-month supply of buprenorphine before conducting an in-person evaluation. The third regulation (RIN 1117-AB40) is a proposed rule that would allow practitioners working for the Department of Veterans Affairs to prescribe controlled substances via telemedicine to a VA patient without an in-person evaluation. 	
EO creating DOGE EO on Stating there are Two Biological Sexes	Establishes new Department of Government Efficiency. The new entity is charged with reviewing all agencies, services, and policies within the Federal government. Among programs and issues that outside groups are suggesting be reviewed are the 340B program, site neutral payments and other health care programs. GOP House leaders created a DOGE subcommittee to assist the Administration's DOGE. Rep. Marjorie Taylor Greene will chair the subcommittee. Prohibits federal funds from being used to promote gender ideology and requires each agency to assess grant conditions to ensure grantees do not promote gender ideology. Prohibits use of federal funds for any medical procedure, treatment, or drug that intends to conform a federal inmate's appearance to that of the opposite sex. While many hospitals do not offer gender surgeries or provide hormonal services related to this, if a person, adult or minor, were to present at a facility in need or care,	Active

	emergency or otherwise, it is uncertain whether this EO would also cover those circumstances.	
HHS Freeze on External Communications	A memo released by the Acting HHS Secretary declared that all public, external communications be temporarily halted. This included advisories, scientific reports, website updates, and social media posts. This also included any meetings with people outside the government.	Active
	This was concerning to many in the health care and scientific communities because it included the CDC's Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report (MMWR) that provides information on the overall activity of respiratory viruses across the nation and another that specifies how widely COVID-19, RSV and the flu are spreading. The pause is currently expected to last at least through February 1.	
Restrictions lifted on immigration enforcement at hospitals	The Department of Homeland Security lifted restrictions on Immigration and Customs Enforcement and Customs and Border Protection officers on previously protected "sensitive" areas like hospitals to allow enforcement actions, including arrests, to take place. DHS states that the previous rules hindered law enforcement efforts by creating zones where undocumented individuals could evade capture, this new policy allows ICE and CBP officers to act with fewer restrictions. Hospitals are also governed under federal law by EMTALA and HIPAA that may impact hospital decisions regarding undocumented persons.	Active
E. C. DEV.B.	At this time, undocumented immigrants that are being targeted are those with deportation orders and/or known criminal activities or convictions.	
Ending DEI Programs and Preferencing	Directs the OMB to terminate federal diversity, equity and inclusion (DEI) programs, training, grant funding, and other programs to the extent allowed by law.	Active
	Included in the EO are "Federal grantees who received Federal funding to provide or advance DEI, DEIA, or "environmental justice" programs, services, or activities since January 20, 2021."	
America First Trade Policy	Directs Treasury, Commerce and U.S. Trade representative to investigate causes of trade deficits, as well as security concerns from such deficits. Mandates U.S. trade Representative to review unfair trade policies and assess impact of the United	Active

States-Mexico-Canada Agreement. Also requires U.S. Trade Representative to identify countries which can negotiate sector specific agreements. Specifically identifies review of Economic Trage agreement with China, and assessment of modifying tariffs.	
This could impact imported medical supplies and equipment. Basic supplies – PPE, gauze, bandages, alcohol swabs, etc. – up to more intricate tools for surgical procedures may be impacted, leading to rising prices and/or shortages.	